

J. M. ROSSION, PRES. ROBERT W. COLE, CASH.

SAFETY STRENGTH CONFIDENCE

ARE THE STRONG POINTS OF THE FIRST
NATIONAL BANK, OF BARBOURVILLE

Our Bank is **SAFE** because we have **HONEST, CAREFUL, CONSERVATIVE** and **SUCCESSFUL BUSINESS MEN** in charge of it. It is **BACKED** up by the **UNITED STATES GOVERNMENT**, by assets of about \$300,000.00, and by stockholders worth more than a Million Dollars.

Our Bank has **STRENGTH**, because its **CAPITAL** has been **PAID IN FULL IN CASH**, and it has a **Surplus Profit Fund** of \$27,500.00, in addition to its **Undivided net profits**, and to this may be added its assets and the resources of its stockholders.

Our Bank not only has the **CONFIDENCE** of more than a thousand depositors, but has the **CONFIDENCE** of the **UNITED STATES GOVERNMENT**, in making this a depository for the **POSTAL SAVINGS BANK'S** Fund, for the **UNITED STATES COURT** and the **UNITED STATES POST OFFICE**, and it is a depository for **Knox County** and the **City of Barbourville**. It is an **"HONOR ROLL" Bank**.

We pay 3% interest on time deposits. These points should be considered by everyone seeking a safe, strong and conservative Bank.

**First National Bank,
Barbourville, Kentucky.**

Re-united Republican Party Marching On To Certain Victory

READ THE FACTS AS SHOWN BY OFFICIAL
FIGURES

Official figures of recent elections, primaries and registrations in different parts of the country, reveal sweeping Republican gains and corresponding Democratic and Progressive losses. Careful analysis of these figures show unmistakably the trend of political sentiment throughout the nation. "The swing back to Republican victory is on." The figures show that the condition that resulted in the election of Mr. Wilson is wiped out and that the readjustment has been favorable to the Republican party in every instance.

It is apparent to all thinking men that the Democratic party will remain in power only so long as the opposition to that party is divided. It is conceded by members of all parties that the rank and file of those opposed to the Democratic Administration have in many sections already united, and that reunion must and will come everywhere. The great majority of Republicans in Kentucky and elsewhere who voted for Mr. Roosevelt had no idea or intention of forming a new party. Their vote was simply protest, and, having accomplished their purpose, they have returned to the Republican

all sustained by the Democrats and Progressives.

In the Seventh district of New Jersey the total vote in the Congressional election fell away 40 per cent., yet the Republican gain was 98 per cent. over 1912. In the Second Iowa district the decrease in the total vote, compared with 1912, was 38 per cent., yet the Republican gain was 27 per cent.

In the Senatorial primary in Pennsylvania in 1914 the total vote was 49 per cent. less than the total vote in the Presidential election two years ago, but the Republican gain was 21 per cent.

One of the most significant of the returns is that of the Minnesota primary election for Governor this year, in which the Republican gain was 203 per cent. in spite of the fact that the total vote was 27 per cent. less than the vote for President in 1912.

Attention is directed to following comparison of votes cast at recent elections and primaries and the results of registrations, with the votes cast for Wilson, Taft and Roosevelt in 1912.

Let the Figures Speak for Themselves VOTE OF KENTUCKY

In 1912 Taft polled in Kentucky 115,512 votes, Roosevelt 102,760. In the August primary in 1913 the Republicans polled 55,067, the Progressives only 3,078. At the November election, 1912, the Republicans polled

in round numbers 125,000. The Progressives polled about 20,000 votes in the city of Louisville and Jefferson county, and about 15,000 outside of Jefferson county, making a total of 35,000.

Congressional Elections

Maine—Third District—Special Election, Sept. 8, 1913.

Presidential vote 1912: Wilson, 14,692; Taft, 7,159; Roosevelt, 13,286. Congressional vote 1913: Fittingall (Dem) 14,556; Peters (Rep) 15,081; Lawrence (Prog) 6558. Democratic loss, 9-100 per cent.; Republican gain 110 per cent.; Progressive loss 50 per cent. Total vote increase 2 per cent.

West Virginia—First District—Special Election, Oct. 14, 1913.

Presidential vote 1912: Wilson, 23,112; Taft, 12,702; Roosevelt, 13,287. Congressional vote 1913: Noely (Dem) 14,093; Hearne (Rep) 11,044; Langhlin (Prog) 3117. Democratic loss, 39 per cent.; Republican loss, 15 per cent.; Progressive loss, 72 per cent. Total vote decrease, 41 per cent. Progressives accomplished nothing except defeat of Republican Congressional candidate.

Iowa—Second district—Special Election, Feb. 10, 1914.

Presidential vote 1912: Wilson 19,317, Taft 8,303, Roosevelt 15,602. Congressional vote 1914: Vollmer (Dem) 12,488, Hull (Rep) 19,608, Hanley (Prog) 3,718. Democratic loss 35 per cent., Republican gain 27 per cent., Progressive loss 76 per cent. Total vote decrease, 38 per cent. Progressives accomplished nothing except defeat of Republican Congressional candidate.

New Jersey—Seventh District—Special Election, Apr. 7, 1914.

Presidential vote 1912: Wilson 10,810, Taft 5,349, Roosevelt, 11,701. Congressional vote 1914, O'Byrne (Dem) 5,240, Drukker (Rep) 10,620, Whitehead (Prog) 719. Democratic loss, 51 per cent., Republican gain 98 per cent., Progressive loss 94 per cent. Total vote decrease 40 per cent.

RESULTS OF STATE ELECTIONS

New Jersey—Election of Governor 1913.

Presidential vote 1912: Wilson 178,289, Taft 88,835, Roosevelt 145,410. Governor 1913, Fielder (Dem) 173,148, Stokes (Rep) 140,299, Colby (Prog) 41,132. Democratic loss 2 per cent., Republican gain 80 per cent., Progressive loss 71 per cent. Total vote decrease 14 per cent. Progressives accomplished nothing except defeat of Republican candidate.

New York—Election of Justice Court of Appeals, 1913.

Presidential vote 1912: Wilson 665,573, Taft 455,487, Roosevelt 390,093. Chief Justice 1913: Bartlett (Dem) 600,375, Warner (Rep) 597,357, Hand (Prog) 195,092. Democratic loss 8 per cent., Republican gain 31 per cent., Progressive loss 49 per cent. Total vote decrease 7 per cent. Progressives accomplished nothing except defeat of Republican candidate.

Maryland—Election of United States Senator, 1913.

Presidential vote 1912: Wilson 112,674, Taft 54,956, Roosevelt 57,786. Senator 1913: Lee (Dem) 11,455, Parrau (Rep) 73,300, Wellington (Prog) 7,038. Democratic loss 1-10 per cent., Republican gain 83 per cent., Progressive loss 67 per cent. Total vote decrease, 14 per cent.

RESULTS OF PRIMARIES AND REGISTRATIONS

Pennsylvania—Primary Nominating Candidates for Senator 1914.

Presidential vote 1912: Wilson 396,619, Taft 273,305, Roosevelt 447,426. United States Senatorial primary 1914: Total Democratic 189,554, total Republican 322,265, total Progressive 46,782. Democratic loss 52 per cent., Republican gain 21 per cent., Progressive loss 89 per cent. Total vote decrease 49 per cent.

The Pennsylvania law requires all voters to register. The 1914 enrollment is as follows: Republican 681,448, Democratic 374,617, Progressives 114,611. Registration figures compared with the 1912 vote show a Progressive loss of 390,283, a Democratic loss of 20,563, and a Republican gain of 408,805.

Iowa—Recent State-Wide Primary.

Presidential vote 1912: Wilson 185,325, Taft 119,805, Roosevelt 161,819. Primary 1914: Total Democratic vote 76,415, total Republican 140,277, total Progressive 5,359. Democratic loss, 58 per cent., Republican gain 17 per cent. Total vote decrease 47 per cent.

Minnesota—State-Wide Primary for Governor 1914.

Presidential vote 1912: Wilson 106,429, Taft 64,384, Roosevelt 125,855. Primary vote for Governor 1914: Total Democratic 42,823, total Republican 105,298, total Progressive 2,896. Democratic loss 59 per cent., Republican gain 203 per cent., Progressive loss 97 per cent. Total vote decrease 27 per cent.

Oregon—Primary Nominating Candidates for Governor and U. S. Senator, 1914.

Presidential vote 1912: Wilson 47,064, Taft 34,073, Roosevelt 37,600. Primary 1914: Total Democratic 35,998, total Republican 88,400, total Progressive 2,524. Democratic loss 23 per cent., Republican gain 155 per cent., Progressive loss 93 per cent. Total vote decrease 7 per cent.

North Dakota—Primary Nominating State Officers.

Presidential vote 1912: Wilson 29,555, Taft 23,960, Roosevelt 25,625. Primary 1914: Total Democratic vote 9,000, total Republican 58,000, total Progressive 1,800.

California—Registration in 1914.

In California all voters are required to register. Presidential vote 1912: Wilson 253,536, Taft 3,914, Roosevelt 283,610. Registration 1914: Democratic 185,107, Republican 347,861, Progressive 172,064. Democratic loss 98,329, or 38 per cent. Progressive loss 111,546, or 39 per cent. Republican gain 343,947 or 8,787 per cent.

Nebraska—City of Omaha and South Omaha Registration 1914.

Presidential vote: Wilson 12,053, Taft 6,212, Roosevelt 7,930. Registration 1914: Democratic 7,914, Republican 10,848, Progressive 521. Democratic loss 39 per cent., Republican gain 74 per cent., Progressive loss 93 per cent.

The 1914 primary voting in the six largest counties in Indiana, containing the cities of Indianapolis, Fort Wayne, South Bend, Gary, Terra Haute and Evansville, indicate how the Progressive party has gone to pieces in that State. Comparison between the Progressive vote in 1912 and the Progressive primary vote of 1914:

THE NATIONAL BANK OF JOHN A. BLACK

Capital & Surplus More Than \$52,500

Safe as U. S. Government.

Been through several Panics with Open
Door ready to pay 100-cts on the dollar

Pays 3% On Time Deposits.
**SAFETY LOCK BOXES
TO RENT**

Did you know that a bank is as good as the ability and honesty of its officers regardless of the size of its Capital and Surplus. Our officers you have known all your lives. Won't you trust them to keep your money "Safely" and pay it out on your demands. Everything consistent with "Safe" banking done for you, but "Safety First."

	1912 Vote	1914 Primary
Allen	4,519	164
Vanderburg	2,860	171
Lake	5,659	660
St. Joseph	5,130	800
Vigo	5,172	350
Marion	20,271	1,700

Perhaps the clearest indication of what may happen at the next election is given by the recent primaries at Gary and Indiana Harbor, Ind., great industrial centers. The Progressives carried both of these steel towns in 1912. By reason of the mills being forced to close down or operate only part time, thousands of men have been laid off. These cities may be taken as typical industrial centers. In the recent primary the Republicans received 90 per cent of the vote in Gary, the Democrats 7 per cent, and the Progressives 3 per cent. In Indiana Harbor the Republicans received 92 per cent of the vote, the Democrats 6 per cent, and the Progressives 2 per cent.

The above figures clearly indicate that a great majority of those who supported Mr. Roosevelt in 1912 are again with the Republican party, the greatest and most truly progressive party ever organized, whose history is the history of the country for more than half a century. The selfishness of a few leaders has alone prevented a complete amalgamation. But the people will set aside these self-constituted leaders when they realize that a continuation of this division can only result in perpetuating the Democratic party in power and continuing in force those policies which have time and again proven disastrous to the American people.

Mrs. Elizabeth Archibald Entertains

Mrs. Elizabeth Archibald was the hostess Tuesday afternoon at a lawn party at her home on Main Street. Miss Gertrude Black and Mrs. J. S. Miller assisted in receiving the guests and Nees James J. W. Hughes and Ella Black were in charge of the dining room and were assisted in the serving of the delicious ices and cakes by little Misses Alma and Randa Archibald. The dining room was banked

with ferns; a basketful of beautiful white and pink roses resting on white clung lace over pink satin completed the table decorations. Those present were:

Nees James	
Ella Black,	J. S. Miller,
L. C. Miller,	H. T. Miller,
B. C. Lewis,	Chas. F. Rathfon,
J. Lynn Golden,	J. W. Hughes,
J. Frank Hawn,	V. C. McDonald,
W. H. McDonald,	W. Edwards,
F. D. Sampson,	S. T. Steele,
H. Oldfield,	Ed. Faulkner,
John Parker,	J. W. Ligon,
C. C. Smith,	Chas. Cole,
Frank Davis,	J. R. Tubble,
Rachel Cole,	Lila Cole,
Bert Catron,	Will Jarvis,
Chas. Maine,	Geo. Foley,
J. T. Beddow,	S. H. Jones,
Sallie Smith,	J. T. Tree,
L. M. Cole,	Robert Cole,
J. R. Jones,	Chas. Sampson,
Tommie Jackson,	Alva Sommers,
Foster Perry,	L. Jackson,
L. Miller,	John Dixon,

Misses	
Gertrude Black,	Cora Sevier,
Maria Sevier,	Mary Meredith,
May Sprowl,	Lila Hayes,
Fannie Catron,	May Gibson,

POWERS' EFFORTS Successful

**APPROPRIATION FOR
POST OFFICE AT BARBOURVILLE, KY., ALLOWED.**

Congressman Caleb Powers succeeded in getting \$4300 to purchase site for Public Building at Barbourville allowed. Appropriation for the erection of the building will soon follow.

Old Coats and Old Friends. My coat and I live comfortably together. It has assumed all my wrinkles, does not hurt me anywhere, has molded itself on my deformities, and is so comfortable to all my movements, and I only feel its presence because it keeps me warm. Old coats and old friends are the same thing—Hugo.